

California Regional Water Quality Control Board

North Coast Region

ATTACHMENT 'C' – "Report Format for Priority Toxic Pollutants"

Permittee: _____

Name of Laboratory: _____

WDID No.: _____

ELAP No.: _____

Contact Name: _____

Laboratory Contact: _____

Phone Number: _____

Phone Number: _____

Type of Sample (Receiving Water vs. Effluent): _____

Report Number: _____

***IF RECEIVING WATER SAMPLE, FILL IN THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:**

Water Body: _____

pH: _____

Hardness: _____

Sample Location: _____

Salinity: _____

Flow Rate: _____
(if a discharge is to a river or creek)

CTR #	Constituent	Date Sample Collected	Sample Collection Method	Date Sample Analyzed	USEPA Method Used	Analytical Results (µg/L)	ML ¹ (µg/L)	MDL ² (µg/L)	RDL ³ (µg/L)	Comments
1.	Antimony									
2.	Arsenic									
3.	Beryllium									
4.	Cadmium									
5a.	Chromium (total)									

¹ ML is the concentration at which the entire analytical system must give a recognizable signal and acceptable calibration point. The ML is the concentration in a sample that is equivalent to the concentration of the lowest calibration standard analyzed by a specific analytical procedure, assuming that all the method specified sample weights, volumes, and processing steps have been followed.

² MDL is the minimum concentration of a substance that can be measured and reported with 99 percent confidence that the analyte concentration is greater than zero, as defined in 40 CFR 136, Appendix B, revised as of May 14, 1999.

³ RDL is the detection level that results from the actual sampling event, which is reported on the monitoring report. The RDL may be higher than the Method Detection Level (MDL) for the sampling technique being used due to the presence of detection interferences in the sample.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]